

# The Salt Lake Tribune.

WEATHER TODAY—Fair; warmer.

Stores for the Front.  
ST. PETERSBURG, May 2.—The central military administration has already dispatched all guns and artillery stores necessary for the rearmament of the army in the far East.

VOL. XLVII. NO. 17.

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH, TUESDAY MORNING, MAY 3, 1904.

12 PAGES.—FIVE CENTS

## IRON BOLTS BAR OUT MECHANICS

## Santa Fe Machinists Out of Work.

## Formed by Armed Guards at Topeka Shops There's Nothing Doing.

## Dead Officials Claim That They Are Simply Anticipating a Strike of Employees.

TOPEKA, Kan., May 2.—When the 200 Santa Fe machinists and workmen gathered at the big shops in this city this morning to go to work the found gates closely locked and themselves shut out. The entire plot of ground, consisting of perhaps twenty-five acres, surrounded by a substantial high board fence with few gates. These were locked and the men without by armed guards from within "that was nothing doing."

The Santa Fe officials claim that they simply anticipated a strike. They had information had come to them that men had held secret meetings Saturday night and Sunday morning, and that a strike of the machinists had been ordered for 9 o'clock this morning. The Santa Fe officials anticipated the move by closing down the shops here, and at every other shop on the Santa Fe system from Chicago to Albuquerque. It is estimated that nearly 10,000 men are affected. The Topeka shops 250 machinists employed. Of this number about 100 are members of the International Association of Machinists. The others are non-union men, for the Santa Fe is running what is known as an "open shop," no distinction being made between union and non-union men. General Manager Mudge said this morning: "We are advised that some of our men and steel filings into two shops at Kansas City Sunday. We are advised that some of our men and steel filings into two shops at Kansas City Sunday. We are advised that some of our men and steel filings into two shops at Kansas City Sunday."

It is the only attempted violence in the city has been reported to us. There are disturbances reported. D. Backalew, third vice-president of the International Association of Machinists, who is in charge of the strike at Topeka for the union, gave the following statement: "We called out all the men on all the Santa Fe railroad this morning at 9 o'clock, and so far as I know, it is a success. I regarded very much to do it, but the order came from headquarters, and we have to obey."

## WAR IS BEGUN IN CITY OF CHICAGO

CHICAGO, May 2.—Three strikes and a lockout became effective here today. The consequence 6200 wage-earners are out of work. Picture frame makers employed in six factories to the number of 4000, and 4000 boot and shoe makers, employees of open manufacturing plants, were locked out.

Several hundred teamsters of the Union company and the Artesian Lime company refused to work because of an increase of 50 cents a week. The baking concerns were tied up by a strike of 400 men, the firms refusing to grant "closed shops."

A strike is in prospect. The machinists' union estimated in 500 shops throughout the city voted to demand an increase of 25 cents an hour.

## TON BAKERS LEAVE SHOPS AND OVEN

TON, May 2.—The principal difficulty to occur on May day in New England was the strike of more than 1500 bakers in this city and nearby places. Cambridge, Lynn, Salem, Andover, Abington, Rockland, North Andover, Weymouth, North Andover and Bridgewater.

The master bakers by the refusal to sign a new contract for a sixty-hour week and for second hands and \$18 for overtime. The larger hotels and restaurants were not affected by the strike. The other troubles are those of the demand of 400 carpenters, plumbers and electricians for an increase of 10 cents a day. There were strikes in the building trades in places, but in New England as a whole the number of men in voluntary unemployment is smaller this year than usual.

**Timothy on Strike.**  
MINNEAPOLIS, N. Y., May 2.—The men of the Timothy and the Coal Company, numbering in all about 1000, went as the result of the refusal of the company to grant an increase of 10 cents a day.

**Machinists Are Enjoined.**  
SALT LAKE CITY, May 2.—Judge Walter C. Bower, U. S. district court, issued an order restraining the Santa Fe machinists from striking. No men had gone on strike. Only a few had obeyed the order at La Junta.

## Forced to Flee for Their Lives

Everett, Wash., Merchant Charged  
With Firing Store and Endangering Life.

EVERETT, Wash., May 2.—A. H. Finney, a dry goods merchant, was arrested today on the charge of setting his store on fire early this morning. The forty guests lodged at the Hotel Virginia, which is located on the second floor of the building, were forced to flee for their lives in their night clothes.

The occupants of the hotel were aroused by two slight explosions followed by two heavier detonations which shook the building. These, preceding the breaking out of the flames, gave those in the house time to escape in safety. The firemen found a quantity of oil-soaked rags and waste under Finney's store, which had been placed there through a hole cut in the floor. It is alleged Finney's stock was insured.

Finney stated today that he is unable to account for the placing of the inflammable material where it was found. He admits that the evidence against him is strong, but protests that he is innocent. Until his preliminary examination Wednesday Finney was released on \$2500 bonds.

## CHRISTIAN PARTY IN CONVENTION

Platform Entitled "In Jesus' Name"  
Adopted, After a Prolonged Discussion.

ST. LOUIS, May 2.—The National committee and the delegates to the National convention to the National Christian party of the United States, which is to nominate a ticket for the next Presidential election, resumed its session today. The platform, entitled "In Jesus' Name," was adopted tonight after much discussion. It declares that "the platform and purpose of the Christian party is and shall be to work and stand for the Union in His name for the fulfillment of God's law through direct legislation of the people, governed by the Golden Rule, regardless of sex, creed or color."

War is opposed by the party and mob violence condemned. Government ownership of coal mines and public utilities is favored. The platform, after declaring against "Government revenue from the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors as a beverage," concludes: "We are opposed to all trusts and combines contrary to the welfare of the common people and declare that Christian government, through direct legislation of the people, will regulate the trusts and labor problems according to the golden rule."

Officers will be elected tomorrow and the nomination of national candidates will be taken up.

**Death of a Centenarian.**  
ALBION, N. Y., May 2.—Mrs. Nancy Finney, the oldest resident of Albion or Orleans county died at her home here this forenoon, aged 100 years, six months, and five days. She leaves one son, Hon. Dan H. Finney, of Phoenix, Ariz., and a daughter, Mrs. George Westcott, of Iowa.

## FEARED COLLAPSE IN COURTROOM

Gen. Tyner Carried Into Court in  
Invalid Chair, Accompanied  
by Physicians.

WASHINGTON, May 2.—The second of the post-office cases to be taken up here was begun today, when James N. Tyner and Harrison J. Barrett were placed on trial under an indictment charging them with conspiracy to defraud the Government in connection with their alleged failure to prosecute certain investment companies operating in violation of law. For several years Tyner, who was Postmaster-General in Grant's cabinet, held the office of assistant attorney-general for the post-office department, while Barrett in his nephew, and served in the same office as law clerk.

When court met for the afternoon session, General Tyner, who is in his 74th year, was brought in in an invalid's chair. He was accompanied by his wife, an attendant, and his physician, the latter's presence being deemed necessary because of the fear that the aged defendant might collapse under the strain.

Counsel for the defense waived the reading of the indictment, and the two men pleaded not guilty. The court adjourned until tomorrow for the work of selecting a jury was completed.

Justice Pritchard, after conferring with counsel, announced that owing to the infirm condition of General Tyner he would not further be required to attend court, and that the trial will proceed without him.

**Nominated for Congress.**  
Fourth Missouri district—Theodore G. Smith (Rep.), renominated.

Fifth Wisconsin district—William H. Stinson (Rep.), renominated.

Fifth Pennsylvania district—Irving P. Vanger (Rep.), renominated.

Third Kentucky district—William H. Jones (Rep.).

**Pays Novel Election Bet.**  
CLEVELAND, O., May 2.—D. P. Evans of Bowling Green, O., started from the city hall here today for San Francisco, pushing a wheelbarrow, to pay an election bet. Evans wagered that Mayor Johnson would be elected Governor of Ohio last fall, the loser to push a wheelbarrow across the country.

## STORM AND FLOOD SWEEP COLORADO

## Two Feet of Snow in Cripple Creek.

Arkansas River at Florence  
Rises Nine Feet in Less  
Than an Hour.

Landslides and Washouts Block Traffic  
on Railroads—Damage  
Will Be Heavy.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Colo., May 2.—The heavy rain which has been falling in this region for the last twenty-four hours without cessation has filled the mountain streams to overflowing and a number of washouts have occurred, damaging railroads to the extent of many thousands of dollars and delaying traffic in some cases.

At Colorado City, three miles west of here, the Denver & Rio Grande tracks were washed out for a distance of 200 yards, and traffic on that line is suspended. A number of small landslides between Manitou and Cascade, covering the Colorado Midland tracks with thousands of tons of dirt and rock, have also blocked traffic on that line. The street car line has also suffered a small washout between this city and Manitou, and that town is practically cut off from the outside world for the time being. The storm shows no signs of abating.

A cloudburst in the Green Horn range eight miles south of Florence today caused the Arkansas river to rise between eight and nine feet in less than an hour. The unexpected rush of water caused great damage. One bridge across the river and the Santa Fe and Florence & Cripple Creek railroad bridges are in imminent danger. The Santa Fe tracks are under water and traffic is held up. In the northern end of Florence the streets have been transformed into rivers, and cellars are being flooded. Business is suspended. An immense amount of damage has been done by hail to fruit trees and gardens in the valley.

Advices from Cripple Creek state that the storm which began there on Sunday developed today into one of the worst blizzards ever experienced in that district. By noon today there was over two feet of snow on the streets of the city and twice as much in the hills. A gale is blowing and there are drifts five to seven feet in depth. Electric and steam railroads are tied up and business generally suspended.

## Sentiment Set Aside by Commercialism

Banking House to Be Built Over  
Graves Containing Bones of Ill-  
lustrious People.

COOPERSTOWN, N. Y., May 2.—After a bitter clash between sentiment and commercialism in the village of Worcester, this county, a bank has secured the rights to erect a banking-house on the site of the abandoned cemetery where the grandparents and great-grandparents of President Garfield are buried.

No special effort has been made to find the remains of the murdered President's forbears for the reason that no one was quite sure in just what place in the cemetery the graves were. While the excavations were being made many bones were discovered and rotten pieces of wooden were found.

The graveyard is located in the heart of Worcester, was many years ago abandoned, and had become overgrown with weeds. When preparations were made for the sale of the ground many persons urged that the site be set apart in memory of the late President, when members of the Garfield family were appealed to they expressed a wish that the decision be left to the citizens.

## HEARST VICTOR IN CHICAGO PRIMARIES

Scores a Victory Over Faction Under  
Carter Harrison and Will Control  
County Machine.

CHICAGO, May 2.—In the Democratic primaries held today the followers of William H. Hearst scored a victory over the faction under Carter H. Harrison, which has heretofore been the dominant power in the Democratic party in Cook county. Of the delegates to the State convention the Hearst party secured 27, Harrison 15, and ten were instructed for John P. Hopkins, which means that they will not be for Harrison under any circumstances, as Hopkins and Harrison are enemies of long standing, and it is understood.

Aside from the number of delegates to be secured for the State convention, the control of the county machinery was at stake in the fight.

## Utah at Front in Irrigation Projects

Has the Good Will of the Reclamation  
Service in Washington.

SPECIAL TO THE TRIBUNE.  
WASHINGTON, D. C., May 2.—F. S. Richards, counsel for Utah reclamation commission, who has been in Washington several weeks, left for home tonight. Judge Richards leaves Washington well satisfied with the result of his labors, having accomplished much good work on Utah reclamation projects during his stay here. He has had numerous conferences with officials of the Interior department and discussed details of the Utah lake project with Director Wolcott and Prof. Newell, and these officials all express themselves well satisfied with progress made and assert that the work is going forward along correct lines.

Joseph A. West, member of Utah Arid Land Reclamation Fund commission, has been with Judge Richards, and his discussions of the projects have left very favorable impressions upon officials of the geological survey and Interior department generally.

Messrs. Richards and West have explained to officials the peculiar interest of Salt Lake City in this important project, and suggested several methods by which an arrangement might be made to fully protect the city's rights. After full discussion of the subject and demonstrating the practicability and legality of plans proposed, they have been assured that there would be no serious difficulty about arranging matters, as the Government desires to meet the situation fairly and administer the law in such a way as to effect the best possible results.

"It becomes more and more apparent," said Judge Richards tonight, "that Utah stands in the front rank with the reclamation service, and if her citizens are so far-sighted as to support the great work will proceed with all possible dispatch."

## GOVERNMENT IN THE BIG CHICAGO STRIKE

Former President Cleveland Lectures  
Upon a Matter in Which He  
Figured Largely.

PRINCETON, N. J., May 2.—Before one of the largest audiences ever assembled in Alexander hall, former President Cleveland delivered a lecture tonight on "The Government in the Chicago Strike of 1894." Mr. Cleveland was greeted with enthusiastic applause when President Woodrow Wilson introduced him, saying: "Mr. Cleveland stands today as the most prominent man in the United States and needs no introduction, especially to a Princeton audience."

The balcony was packed with undergraduates and townpeople, while the seats on the lower floor were reserved for professors and their wives, together with prominent visitors.

Mr. Cleveland viewed the history of the strike and of the Government's intervention. In sustaining the action of the United States Circuit court, which ordered the imprisonment of Debs and his associate officers of the A. R. U. for disobeying its injunction, Mr. Cleveland said: "The Supreme court of the United States has written the concluding words of this history, tragic in many of its details, and in every page provoking sober reflection. Nevertheless, those most nearly related by executive responsibility to the troublesome days whose story is told, may at this time congratulate themselves that they have had to do with the marking out of the strike and of the path, now unchangeably established, that shall hereafter guide our nation safely and surely in the exercise of all the functions belonging to it which represent the people's trust."

## Society Woman to Escape Bankruptcy

Friends of the Extravagant Mrs.  
Birdsall Come to Her Relief  
With Funds.

NEW YORK, May 2.—Respite has been granted to Mrs. Elizabeth Hastings Birdsall of Brooklyn, and if she pays her creditors before May 4 the bankruptcy proceedings will be dropped. Mrs. Birdsall became financially involved in trying to keep up with the whirl of fashion in Brooklyn. It is estimated she owes \$25,000, and there are about twenty creditors. Saunders, Webb & Worcester are her attorneys, and they issue this statement:

Mrs. Birdsall hopes to pay everything in full before May 4, and then the present legal proceedings will be dropped. Several of her friends have come forward and offered aid. Moreover, Mrs. Birdsall still has assets in the way of household furnishings and jewelry, and Kansas City real estate. It is reported that the family of Arthur J. Birdsall of South Portland have been instrumental in sparing Mrs. Birdsall the humiliation of appearing in court. Mr. Birdsall is engaged to Miss Alice Birdsall and the Bruffs have befriended the other family since the Birdsalls' financial plight became known. It is recognized that the Birdsall fortune was dissipated in the effort to shine in society.

## WILL BE SHOT FOR MURDER

## J. M. Shockley Must Meet Death.

Judge Morse Overrules the  
Motion for New Trial  
for Prisoner.

Man Who Killed Brighton and Gleason Sentenced to Be Shot on  
June 24.

JAMES M. SHOCKLEY, the double murderer, is sentenced to be shot on June 24. The defendant's motion for a new trial was argued yesterday morning before Judge Morse and overruled by the court. Upon the prisoner's electing to be shot the court fixed the above date for his execution. Shockley seemed to be disappointed and disheartened, but says that he will appeal to the Supreme court and leave no stone unturned to secure a second trial.

When Judge Morse asked the prisoner which mode of death, hanging or shooting, he preferred, Shockley swallowed a lump in his throat before answering: "If I have got to die—I think I prefer to be shot."

After stating to the prisoner that he had been charged with murder in the first degree for the killing of Annassa L. Gleason on the night of January 6, and convicted of the crime as charged, Judge Morse asked the defendant if he had any cause to show why sentence should not be pronounced against him.

"Your honor," said Shockley, "I have no cause to show except I am prompted to say, and do say now, that the facts stated by me on the witness stand were the truth, as God is my witness, and the man whom I am charged with killing was killed by an accidental shot."

The entire forenoon was taken up by the arguments for a new trial. Shockley was represented by his attorney, H. A. Smith, and District Attorney Benner X. Smith was present for the State. The motion was based upon alleged errors of the court in compelling the defendant to answer certain questions, put by the prosecution, over the objections of the defense, and in refusing to give the jury certain instructions asked for by the defendant's attorney. Shockley occupied a chair near his attorney. He took considerable interest in the arguments, but paid no attention whatever to the large crowd that had gathered in the courtroom.

Shockley will be removed to the penitentiary today to await the execution of his sentence. His appetite failed last night and he was excused from eating with the other prisoners at the county jail. A meal somewhat better than is ordinarily served was taken to his cell by the jailer, but even this did not entirely restore his appetite.

Shockley has been a model prisoner and is liked by everyone at the jail.

## FOUR BOLD ROBBERS LOOT FREIGHT TRAIN

Got Away With Goods Valued at  
\$2000 While Cars Were Stand-  
ing at Reno.

SPECIAL TO THE TRIBUNE.  
RENO, Nev., May 2.—Six carloads of merchandise were plundered in front of the passenger depot in Reno at an early hour this morning. That the bold thieves found no difficulty in committing their wholesale crime is evidenced by the fact that they succeeded in making off with goods valued at about \$2000, and thus far the officers have succeeded in locating not more than \$50 worth of the property. One man is under arrest on suspicion. It is thought the robbery was committed by at least four men, possibly tramps. The goods were sold to a saloon proprietor, who notified the officers.

## WOODEND HEADING FOR NORTHWEST

Officials at Seattle, With a Warrant,  
Await Arrival of Fugitive  
Broker.

SEATTLE, Wash., May 2.—Telegraphic advices were received here today from New York that Dr. W. W. Woodend, fugitive member of the Consolidated stock exchange brokerage firm of Woodend & Co., New York, was heading for Seattle and would be here today or tomorrow. A sharp lookout is being kept for him, but he has not yet appeared. Associated Press dispatches of last Friday told of the sensational crash of the firm and of the failure of an officer with a warrant to find Woodend.

## Alleged Land Fraud Cases Are Called

Hearing Begun in Portland, Mrs.  
Watson, Accused of Conspiracy,  
Pleading Not Guilty.

PORTLAND, Or., May 2.—The beginning of the alleged land fraud trials was signalled today in the United States District court when Mrs. Emma L. Watson was arraigned on the charge of conspiracy to defraud the United States Government. Mrs. Watson's attorneys demurred to the indictment, but Judge Bellinger overruled the demurrer and Mrs. Watson pleaded not guilty.

Owing to the fact that the prosecution was unprepared to commence, Mrs. Watson's case and those of the others alleged to be implicated in the so-called "land fraud ring," were postponed until May 18, although the attorneys for the defense fought hard against the continuance.

The case of Charles Cunningham, the eastern Oregon "sheep king," who is also under arrest charged with defrauding the Government of public land, was continued until Thursday or Friday. The cases of T. A. Wood and Hosea Wood, charged with forgery of affidavits for pension claims, was set to be heard May 8.

## DUE TO FLARE BACK, SAYS COURT-MARTIAL

Explosion on the Missouri Caused by  
Inexplicable Combination; Men  
Commended for Bravery.

WASHINGTON, May 2.—That no further proceedings be taken in the recommendation of the court of inquiry appointed to investigate the explosion in the after turret of the battleship Missouri on April 13. The court found the explosion was due to a "flare-back" caused by an inexplicable combination of factors in smokeless powder. The officers and crew of the Missouri are not only relieved from all responsibility for the accident, but are warmly commended for the bravery they showed after its occurrence in rescuing the victims.

These facts were obtained from Mr. Darling, the acting Secretary of the Navy, when he returned from a visit to the White House, where he informed the President of the findings and their nature. Full official announcement of the findings will be made in a statement to be given out tomorrow.

It was brought out in the evidence that there was no extraordinary amount of powder in the handling-room, nor were there more officers and men in the turret or handling-room than were necessary for record target practice.

## Lost Money Gambling, Took His Own Life

Prominent Advertising Man of Seat-  
tle Is Found Dead in Portland  
Rooming-House.

PORTLAND, Or., May 2.—Despondent because of heavy losses at gambling, H. W. Gowell of Seattle, one of the most prominent advertising men of the Pacific Northwest, committed suicide in a small room in a lodging-house at 109 Sixth street north, by turning on the gas before he retired last night. His body was found about noon today. He left a note addressed to a friend stating that he had gambled away about \$100 at various places in this city. Gowell came here from Seattle about a week ago with drafts and checks and after spending these he drew on Seattle banks for more funds. At first his drafts were honored, but for the last two days the drafts have been coming back dishonored. Gowell asks the gambling houses to return his wife \$300 of the amount lost to enable her to take up the dishonored paper. Gowell was about 45 years old.

## STRIKERS HELD TO ANSWER COURT

Twelve Are Arraigned Before Jus-  
tice at Helper on Charge  
of Riot.

SPECIAL TO THE TRIBUNE.  
PRICE, Utah, May 2.—Twelve of the Italian strikers held here under guard were taken to Helper today and appeared before Justice M. A. Ward. Of these, Tony and Ralph Scalzo were bound over to the District court under \$500 bonds for interfering with an officer in discharge of his duty. They were also arraigned on charge of riot and displaying deadly weapons in a threatening manner. They pleaded not guilty and trial date will be set later. Eight more of the Italians were also arraigned on the latter charge, pleaded not guilty and trial date will be fixed later on. Bond on the riot charge in all ten cases was fixed at \$500. Two others, held under same charge, were released on their own recognizance.

**Millions From the Orient.**  
SAN FRANCISCO, May 2.—The steamer China, which arrived today from the Orient, brought a shipment of Japanese gold yen worth \$3,334,359 in United States gold coin.

## YOUNG CANNON CALLS IT HOT AIR

## Inform Committee of His Perjury.

Son of Former President of  
Salt Lake Stake Before  
Senate Committee.

Severely Scored by Chairman Bur-  
rows for Telling Untruths to  
Prominent Gentiles.

WASHINGTON, May 2.—Angus M. Cannon, Jr., son of Angus M. Cannon, former president of the Salt Lake stake of the Mormon church in Utah, traveled from Salt Lake City to Washington to inform the Senate Committee on Privileges and Elections that he had perjured himself in informing prominent Gentiles in Utah that President Joseph F. Smith of the Mormon church had performed plural marriage ceremonies. Cannon, Jr., was a witness in the Smoot investigation. He said that he had told false stories in regard to President Smith marrying his cousin, Abraham H. Cannon, to Lillian Hamlin, a fourth wife. His only excuse was that he had been drinking and conceived the idea that to tell such a story would be a good joke on the Gentiles referred to, "as anything against the Mormons tickled them all over."

Members of the Senate Committee on Privileges and Elections received a communication several days ago from E. B. Critchlow of Salt Lake to the effect that Cannon would go on the stand and testify that Abraham H. Cannon and Lillian Hamlin were married on the high seas between Los Angeles and Catalina island, and that President Joseph F. Smith of the Mormon church, performed the ceremony. Mr. Critchlow stated that Angus M. Cannon, Jr., had said he was present and witnessed the ceremony. Consequently arrangements were made for the meeting today.

After the witness had been sworn he was questioned by Mr. Taylor, counsel for the prosecution, in regard to the incident. The witness said that he knew Abraham H. Cannon intimately as they had been associated together in business. He said that Abraham had three wives at the time of his death in the fall of 1898, but that there was another wife he knew about. He gave the names of the three wives as Sarah M. Jenkins, Wilhelmina Cannon, sister of the witness, and Mary E. Croxall. Abraham Cannon had children by all of them.

"Did you know Abraham to associate with a woman called Lillian Hamlin?" asked Mr. Taylor.

"I knew he took her riding. He used my buggy."

"Did you know he was engaged to her?"

"He did not say anything about that. He said he had been engaged to his brother, David, who died on a mission to Germany. I never heard him say that he was engaged to her."

"Did you tell E. W. Wilson of Salt Lake that you saw Abraham Cannon and Lillian Hamlin married?"

"I think I did tell him."

The witness stated that Wilson is well known in Salt Lake, is cashier of the Commercial National bank and a gentleman of high standing.

In response to questions, answered in the briefest of admissions, Cannon said from the witness that he had told Mr. Wilson within the last two weeks that in 1896 in Los Angeles, ten or twelve persons chartered a vessel for Catalina island, and that in the party, among the witnesses, were Joseph F. Smith and one of his wives, Abraham H. Cannon and his wife, Wilhelmina, sister to the witness, a man named Langford, and Lillian Hamlin. Cannon had gone some distance from Los Angeles, members of the party, with two or three exceptions, retired to the cabin, and there Joseph F. Smith married Cannon and Lillian Hamlin. The witness said that after his sister, Cannon's second wife, heard what was going on, she "got angry and left the cabin."

**Repeated Original Story.**  
The witness under direct examination said that late in the day of which he said told the story to Wilson, he met Mr. Critchlow and Mr. Wilson and he repeated substantially the same story.

When asked how he happened to tell the story in regard to the marriage, the witness said: "Well, I had read the testimony which Mr. Smith gave in Washington and I told Mr. Wilson that I knew that Smith did know of polygamous marriages since the manifesto, because he had performed one himself."

Mr. Taylor drew from the witness the fact that he also had telephoned to Perry S. Heath and made an appointment at the office of The Salt Lake Tribune, at which he told Mr. Heath the same story he had related to Messrs. Critchlow and Wilson. He declared that he had told no other person in regard to the marriage and that he had seen no one except Critchlow and that was on the day he had received the subpoena.

"Are you still satisfied that Smith married them?" asked Senator Dubois.

"Of course I don't know that he married them, but I think he did," was the answer.

The witness declared that the only persons in Utah who knew that he was